Bog-rosemary Andromeda polifolia

Description

Bog-rosemary is an evergreen shrub that may grow up to 1.5 feet (0.5 m) in height, but is often shorter and even dwarfed in some situations. The branchlets are hairless and whitened. The leaves are alternately arranged, thick in texture, short-stalked, linear to narrowly oblong in shape, to 2 inches (5 cm) in length and 3/16 inch (5 mm) in width, usually pointed at the tip, the margins untoothed and rolled under, the upper side bluish-green and the lower side pale green or whitened. The white or pink flowers, which appear in May and June, are aggregated in small curled clusters at the end of the branchlets, with the individual flower having the petals united (resembling a small globe or urn) and ½



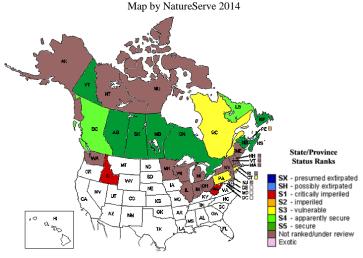
Photo source: John Kunsman (PNHP)

inch (5-6 mm) in length. The fruit is a dry capsule about 3/16 inch (5 mm) in diameter that splits into 5 parts and releases the minute seeds.

Distribution & Habitat

Bog-rosemary ranges from Newfoundland to Saskatchewan and south into New Jersey, West Virginia, and the Great Lakes states. In Pennsylvania, it represents a northerly species and has been documented historically in the northern, particularly the northeastern, counties. The species grows in bogs, typically on floating sphagnum mats that surround bog pools.

North American State/Province Conservation Status



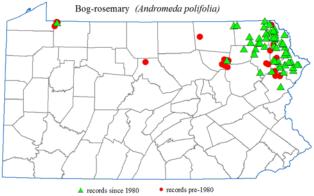
Conservation Considerations

The viability of populations of Bog-rosemary and its habitat
may be enhanced by creating buffers and protecting the
natural hydrology around bogs. Bog-rosemary is an indicator
of bog habitats that feature various orchids, insectivorous
plants such as sundew, bladderwort, and pitcher plant, and other interesting species.

Current State Status

The PA Biological Survey (PABS) considers Bogrosemary to be a species of special concern, based on the moderate number of locations recently confirmed, the mostly small population sizes, and the specialized habitat. It has a PA legal rarity status and a PABS suggested rarity status of Rare.

Pennsylvania Distribution



Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program Data 3-2014

NatureServe conservation status ranks

G5 – Globally secure; S3 – Vulnerable in Pennsylvania

References

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- Rhoads, A.F. and W.M. Klein, Jr. 1993. The Vascular Flora of Pennsylvania. American Philosophical Society, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- Rhoads, A.F. and T.A. Block. 2007. The Plants of Pennsylvania: An Illustrated Manual. 2nd edition. University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

